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*Cholera and yellow fever, etc.—Continued.*

## YELLOW FEVER—Continued.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Cuba—Continued. Sagual Grande.....	Dec. 1-Dec. 21... Dec. 25-Jan. 25... Feb. 1-Feb. 15... Mar. 13-Mar. 20... Apr. 4-Apr. 11... May 11-May 18... May 25-June 6...	43 31 8 5 ..... ..... 30	3 6 ..... ..... 3 ..... 14	Yellow fever reported. Yellow fever reported among troops.
Yaguajay..... Vueltas..... Zulueta.....	June 6-June 27... July 4-July 18... July 18-Aug. 8... Aug. 8-Aug. 22... Aug. 1..... do..... do.....	171 124 265 190 ..... Do. Do.	15 26 25 ..... ..... ..... .....	Yellow fever reported epidemic. Do. Do.
Martinique, West Indies : Fort de France.....	Aug. 3-Aug. 6...	.....	2	
Mexico : Acapulco..... Tuxpan..... Vera Cruz.....	July 11-July 18... Jan. 11-Jan. 25... May 21-May 28... May 28-June 5... July 29... July 30-Aug. 13...	1 ..... 5 ..... 3 6	..... 4 ..... ..... ..... .....	Yellow fever reported.
Peru : Callao.....	Apr. 5.....	2	2	On vessels from Guayaquil.
Puerto Rico : San Juan.....	Nov. 29-Dec. 20... Dec. 20-Jan. 17... May 1-May 31... June 1-June 30...	63 104 14 15	23 24 4 1	
U. S. of Colombia : Panama.....	Aug. 15-Aug. 22...	2	1	

## BARBADOS, WEST INDIES.

## Relative to health condition in Barbados.

## BARBADOS, WEST INDIES, August 7, 1896.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of the Department's circular of June 23, 1896. As no record of deaths, showing causes, is kept in this colony it is impossible to forward the sanitary reports as requested. The health of the place nevertheless is excellent, and the only probability of an epidemic of contagious disease would arise from cases brought here from foreign ports, in which instance I should immediately notify you. I may mention that the quarantine regulations here are exceedingly stringent and are rigidly enforced.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

GEO. T. TATE,  
*United States Consul.*

Hon. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

## BRAZIL.

## Sanitary reports from Rio de Janeiro.

## RIO DE JANEIRO, July 28, 1896.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit report for the week ended July 25, 1896:

There were 9 deaths from *acesso pernicioso*, an increase of 6; 5 from

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yellow fever, an increase of 1; 3 from smallpox, an increase of 1, and 50 from tuberculosis, a decrease of 8. From all causes there were 313 deaths, an increase of 22 over the foregoing week.

The increase in the total number of deaths can be put down to the effect on the air passages by the cold, damp, and changeable weather.

*Smallpox.*—This disease increased largely in the number of cases. If there is to be another epidemic this year it is to be presumed that it will appear very soon. It is extremely difficult to enforce anything like thoroughly efficient sanitary measures in the "estalagems" or agglomeration of huts for the poorest classes.

Since last report, the following-named ships have been visited or received bills of health from this office: July 21, steamship *Hevelius*, Belgian, for New York, N. Y. July 22, bark *Glenavon*, British, for Tacoma, Wash.; bark *Margery Glen*, British, for New York, N. Y., and bark *Shenir*, British, for New York, N. Y. July 23, steamship *Manitoba*, British, for New York, N. Y., and bark (4 masts) *Port Stanley*, British, for New York, N. Y. July 27, steamship *Nasmyth*, British, for New York, N. Y.

Respectfully yours,

R. CLEARY, M. D.,  
Sanitary Inspector, U. S. M. H. S.

RIO DE JANEIRO, August 4, 1896.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit the report for the week ended August 1, 1896. There were 5 deaths from accesso pernicioso, a decrease of 4; 3 from yellow fever, a decrease of 2; 1 from smallpox, a decrease of 2; none from enteric fever, 6 in the foregoing week; 46 from tuberculosis, a decrease of 4; 3 from beriberi, 1 from diphtheria, and 1 from influenza. From all causes there were 260 deaths, a decrease of 53. On the whole, a good showing for Rio de Janeiro.

*Smallpox.*—This disease has declined, against the opinions of those most in the case to judge. A telegram states that it is rife in the interior of the State of Pernambuco. It is also prevailing in Campos, in the State of Rio de Janeiro.

Since last report the following named ships were visited or received bills of health from this office:

July 27, steamship *Lord Kelvin*, British, for Pensacola, Fla.; July 28, bark *Amy*, American, for Baltimore, Md.; July 30, steamship *Delcomyn*, British, for New York, N. Y.; July 31, bark *Victoriosa*, Portuguese, for New Orleans, La., and bark *Leonardo*, Italian, for Savannah, Ga.; August 1, bark *Arcelina*, Portuguese, for Savannah, Ga., and steamship *Pascal*, British, for New Orleans, La.; August 3, steamship *Coleridge*, British, for New York, N. Y.; August 4, bark *Fürst Bismarck*, German, for Sandy Hook, N. J.

Respectfully yours,

R. CLEARY, M. D.,  
Sanitary Inspector, U. S. M. H. S.

CUBA.

*Yellow fever and smallpox in Cuban seaports.*

The United States consul at Cienfuegos reports 10 deaths from yellow fever and 26 deaths from smallpox in Cienfuegos during the week ended August 23.

The United States sanitary inspector at Habana reports that there were 71 deaths in that city from yellow fever during the week ended August 27.